



The Global Wildfire Collective facilitates collaboration among scientists, firefighters, policymakers and communities to enable wildfire resilience and recovery in ecological and social systems



GWCI and Conservation Biology Institute (CBI)

CBI is a **non-profit, science-based conservation** organization with **three decades** of experience

CBI provides **advanced conservation science, technology, and planning** to empower partners in solving the world's critical ecological challenges

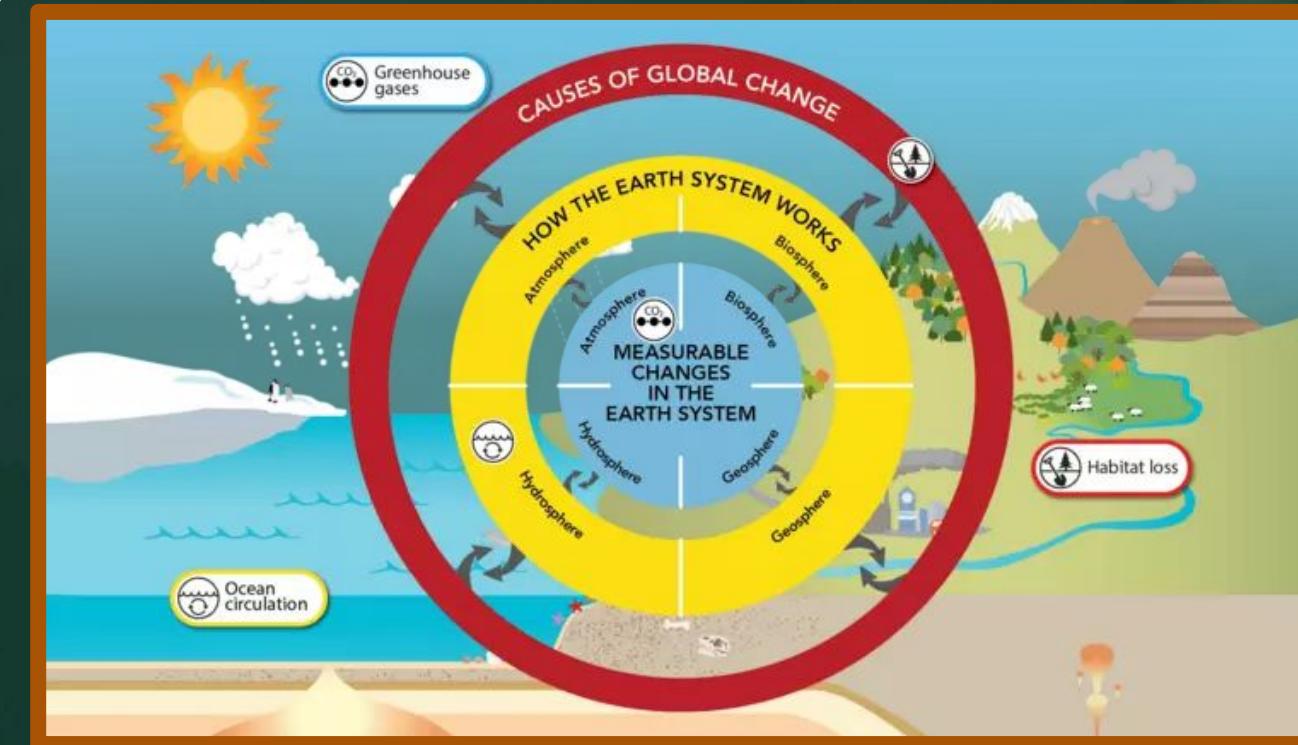
CBI team is composed of **three main disciplines**:

- Conservation Science
- Geospatial Science + Remote Sensing
- Software Engineering



GWC Scientific Pillars

(1) Wildfires & global change



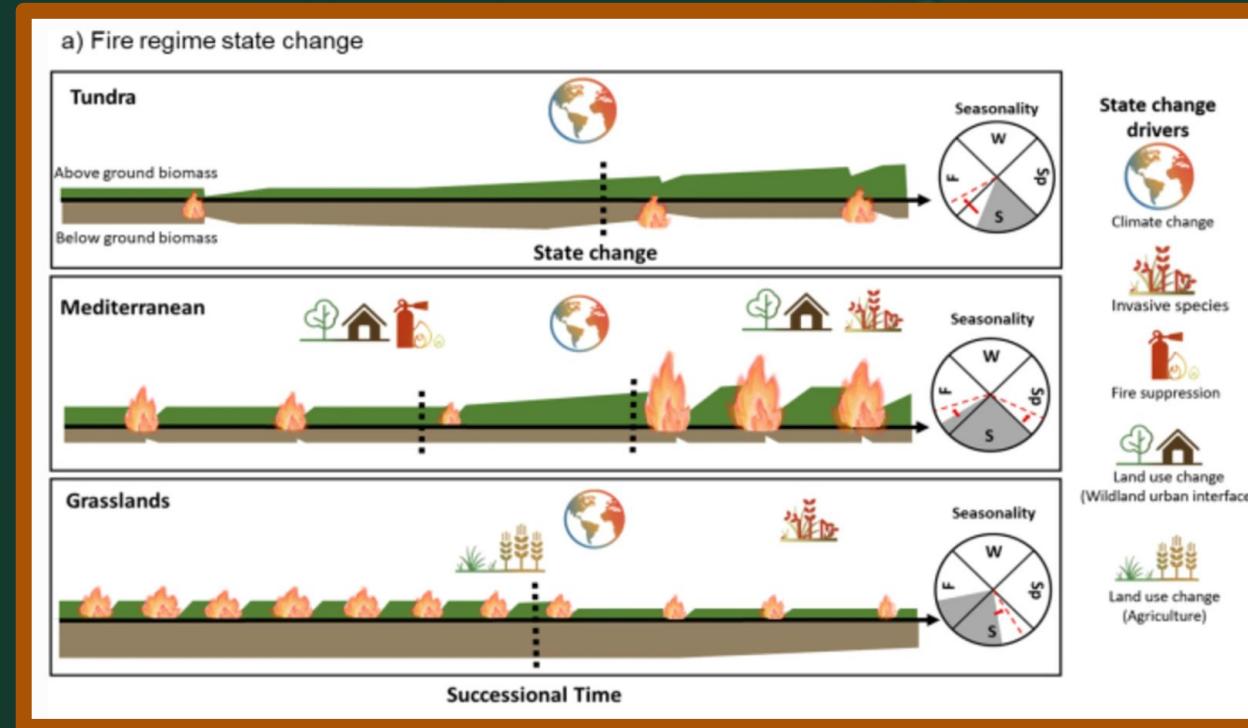
Diverse factors driving altered fire regimes

(3) Fire management & policy



Integrated strategies for beneficial outcomes

(2) Fire ecology & biodiversity



Effects and interactions with natural systems

(4) Community safety & resilience



Expanded, equitable adoption for all



GWC Charter Members & Partner Institutions

- **35** charter members
- **13** partner institutions

20 countries represented

(as of Dec 2025)





GWG Charter Members (selected)

Interdisciplinary Wildfire Research Scientists



Dr. Lluís Brotons

Senior Researcher, Catalan Center for Ecological Research and Forestry Applications
Spain



Dr. Fantina Tedim

Professor
Department of Geography
Universidad de Porto
Portugal



Dr. Anne Ganteaume

Directrice de Recherche
INRAE
France



Dr. David Bowman

Director Fire Centre, Professor of Pyrogeography and Fire Science at the University of Tasmania
Australia



Dr. Mauro Gonzalez

Professor, Facultad de Ciencias Forestales y Recursos Naturales
Universidad Austral de Chile
Chile



Dr. Alejandra G. Martínez

Investigador Científico Asociado
Instituto Geofisico del Perú
Perú





GWG Charter Members (selected)

Interdisciplinary Wildfire Research Scientists



Dr. Alexandra D. Syphard
Senior Research Scientist
Conservation Biology Institute
United States



Dr. Stijn Erik R Hantson
Associate Professor
Faculty of Natural Sciences
Universidad del Rosario
Belgium / Colombia



Dr. Iokiñe Rodríguez
Senior Lecturer in
Environment & Development,
University of East Anglia
Venezuela / United Kingdom



Dr. Alejandro Miranda
Researcher
Department of Forest Science
University of La Frontera
Chile



Dr. Saeedeh Eskandari
Associate Professor
Research Institute of Forests and
Rangelands
Iran



Dr. William Bond
Emeritus Professor
Department of Biological Sciences
University of Cape Town
South Africa





GWC Charter Members (selected)

Firefighting practitioners



Lt. Bernardo Lenis Duque

Institutional Development Director
Benemérito Cuerpo de Bomberos
Voluntarios de Cali
Colombia



Mr. Markristian Madariaga Pareja

Jefe Nacional de previsión del riesgo
ante Incendios Forestales
Cuerpo General de Bomberos Voluntarios
Perú



Óscar Enrique Tibaquicha Velandia

Miembro Activo
Brigada Forestal Indígena de Cota
Colombia



Interdisciplinary team members



Ms. Robin Jones

Executive Director
Conservation Biology Institute
United States



Dr. Arindam Roy

Climate Science Advisor
Clean Air Fund
India



Mr. Karl Peet

Senior Advisor, Global Strategy
Conservation Biology Institute
United States





GWC Partner Institutions



Academia
National de
Bomberos de
Colombia



Benemérito
Cuerpo de
Bomberos
Voluntarios de
Cali



Centre de
Recerca
Ecològica i
Aplicacions
Forestals
(CREAF)



Center for
Climate and
Resilience
Research (CR2)



LEVERHULME
Centre for Wildfires,
Environment and Society



Environmental
Defense Fund
(EDF)



International
Savanna Fire
Management
Initiative (ISFMI)



La Unidad
Nacional para la
Gestión del
Riesgo de
Desastres
(UNGRD)



Universidad de
La Frontera



Universidad del
Rosario



Brigada Forestal
Indígena de Cota



RÉPUBLIQUE TOGOLAISE
Ministère de
l'Environnement
et de la
Ressource
Forestière
(MERF)



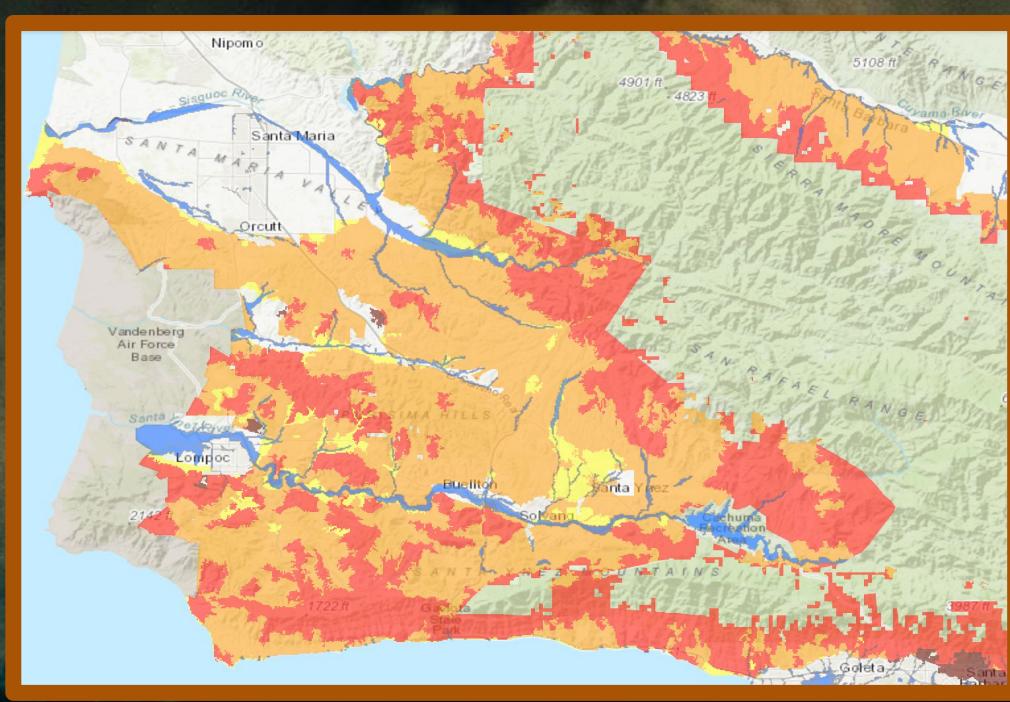
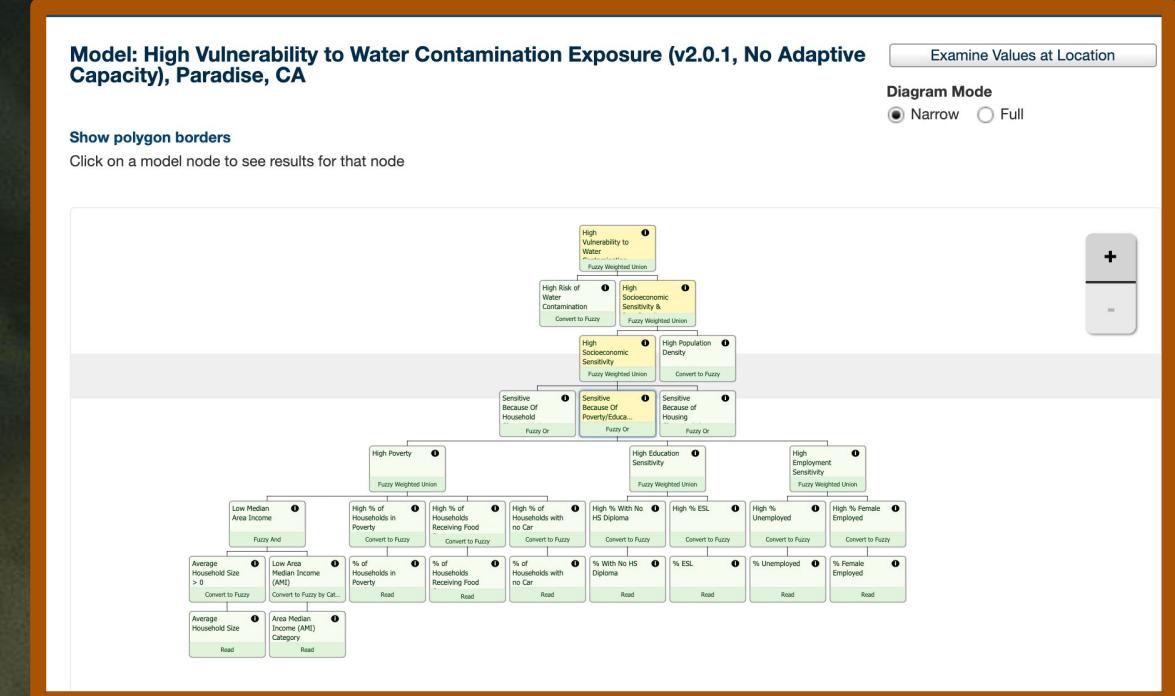


GWG Activities and Services

- ❖ **GWG Collaborative Capacity Development**
Webinars, events, workshops
- ❖ **GWG Research Collaboration**
Cross-region/discipline transferability
- ❖ **GWG Spatial Data Gateway**
Data and technology exchange
- ❖ **GWG Discussion Forum**
Multilingual science & practice exchange



Global Wildfire Collective Collaborative Capacity Development





GWC Research Collaboration

- **Wildfire impacts accelerating**, as must resilience efforts
- ‘One size fits all’ approach could **worsen risk if misapplied**
- Need research on **responsible knowledge transfer**

Recent grant applications (pending, as of Oct 2025)

- **NSF - FIRE-NET** (w/ *San Diego State, Oregon State*)
Compare fire regimes, WUI typologies, 3 regions
- **NATO** (w/ *TNC Colombia*)
Ecoregional resilience roadmaps (US & Colombia)
Frameworks for responsible knowledge transfer



(more to follow)



GWG Spatial Data Gateway



Global Wildfire Collective Gateway



powered by 

Featured Datasets

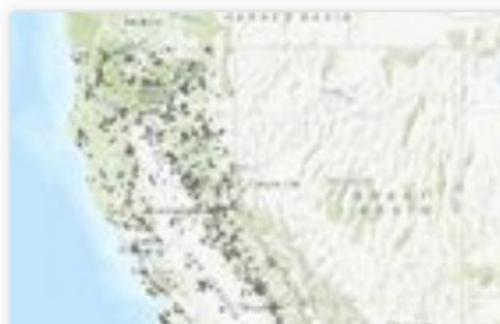
Explore the latest wildfire datasets



USA Current Wildfire Perimeters



OpenAQ Recent Conditions in Air Quality



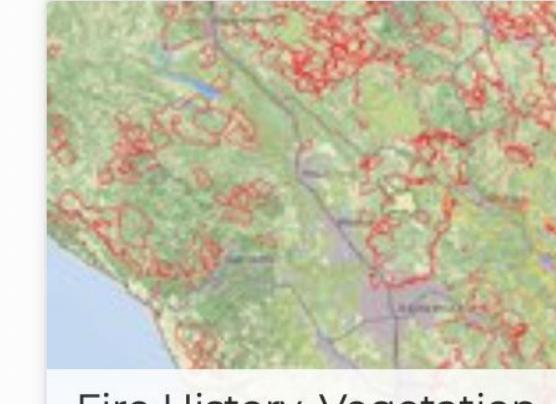
California Wildfire & Landscape Resilience Interagency Treatments (Polygons)



Land cover, Central and South America (GlobCover 2009)

Featured Maps

Explore curated wildfire maps



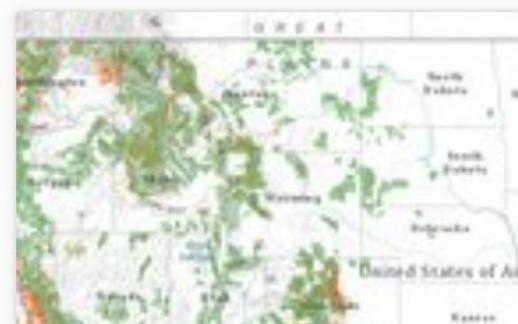
Fire History, Vegetation, Fire Safety Councils, Pepperwood



Historical Drought, Croplands, and Fire History for the Contiguous US



Climatic Limitation on Net Primary Production (Churkina & Running)



Community Fire Planning Zone



GWC Discussion Forum



- ❖ A forum for GWC member **collaborations and knowledge sharing.**
- ❖ Multilingual support using AI to **automatically translate to ~60 languages.**

Category	Topics	Latest
Wildfire & Global Change A holistic understanding of each region's unique fire-influencing variables is critical for developing comprehensive strategies for effective fire management and long-term co-existence with fire.	1	 Functional traits databases Fire Ecology & Biodiversity 2 14h
Fire Ecology & Biodiversity Insights into how fire interacts with biological systems and impacts biodiversity and ecosystem function are crucial for developing fire management strategies that are best aligned with ecological processes and provide maximum benefits for people and nature.	1	 Upcoming webinar on boreal forest fires, 9 July 2025 at 9am PDT 0 4d Events & Activities
Fire Management & Policy Operations The most effective preparedness efforts involve an interdisciplinary set of "before", "during", and "after" actions carried out by community members, fire practitioners, firefighters, policymakers, conservation planners, and developers that are informed by the scientific and Indigenous knowledge of ...	1	 Landscaping and WUI Fires Fire Management & Policy Operations 1 4d
Equitable Community Safety & Resilience Discussions to help ensure that wildfire preparation, recovery strategies and policy interventions are appropriately, equitably, and effectively designed.	1	 29-31 Oct. 2025- Fire Modeling Workshop- Cali, Colombia 0 5d Events & Activities in-person
		 Which are the best apps for fire awareness? 1 6d Equitable Community Safety & Resilience
		 Admin Guide: Getting Started 0 Apr 8 Staff
		 Welcome to Global Wildfire Collective Discussion Forum! 8 19h General



Fire Ecology Webinar Series (2025)

Social Impacts: Dr. Susan Cutter

- What are the most challenging social impacts of catastrophic events?
- How do these vary from event to event or region to region?
- Could global coordination and collaboration improve social outcomes?



Ecological & human causes and impacts of three extreme wildfire events
Webinar – 20/March/2025
(ICR)² Centro de Ciencia Del Clima y Del Desarrollo
Global Wildfire Collective

Chile's Valparaíso hills on fire
2024
Alejandro Miranda^{1,2} & Mauro González^{1,3}
(1) Centro de Ciencias del Clima y la Resiliencia (ICR)², Santiago, Chile.
(2) Departamento de Ciencias Forestales, Universidad de La Frontera, Temuco, Chile.
(3) Instituto de Conservación, Biodiversidad y Territorio, Facultad de Ciencias Forestales y Recursos Naturales, Universidad Austral de Chile, Valdivia, Chile.
mirandaa.alejandro@gmail.com; alejandro.miranda@ufrontera.cl

Ecology: Dr. Stijn Hantson

- Are ecological influences or impacts similar across these events? Or across other regions / events?
- Could global coordination and collaboration improve outcomes?



Project Ray Ford



3 Factors:
9 month drought
Extreme Santa Ana winds
Human ignition

North American Boreal Forest Fires – spreading into uncharted territory



Photo credit: Maureen Simard

Mike Flannigan
Thompson Rivers University

THOMPSON RIVERS UNIVERSITY
Institute for Wildfire Science, Adaptation and Resiliency

Wildfires in the European boreal

Risks and opportunities associated to managed forests

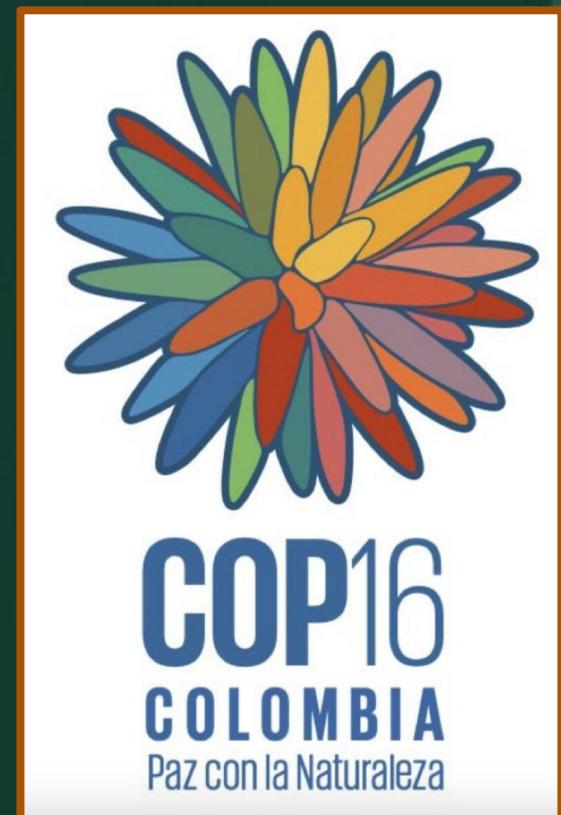
Johan Sjöström
RISE Research Institutes of Sweden
johan.sjostrom@ri.se

Frida Vermina Plathner
Anders Granström

Role	Question	Model
Firefighter / Incident Commander	"Where will this fire spread in the next 12 hours?"	FARSITE, FlamMap, WRF-Fire
Land Manager / Fuel Planner	"Where should we put a fuel break to protect this community?"	Burn Probability / FSPro
Ecologist / Conservation Biologist	"How will altered fire regimes affect species diversity over decades?"	LANDIS-II, FireBGCv2
Climate / Carbon Scientist	"How will fire frequency affect carbon balance and emissions?"	Global Fire Models / DGVMs
Community	"How does future housing growth affect fire risk?"	SLEUTH + MaxEnt ignition

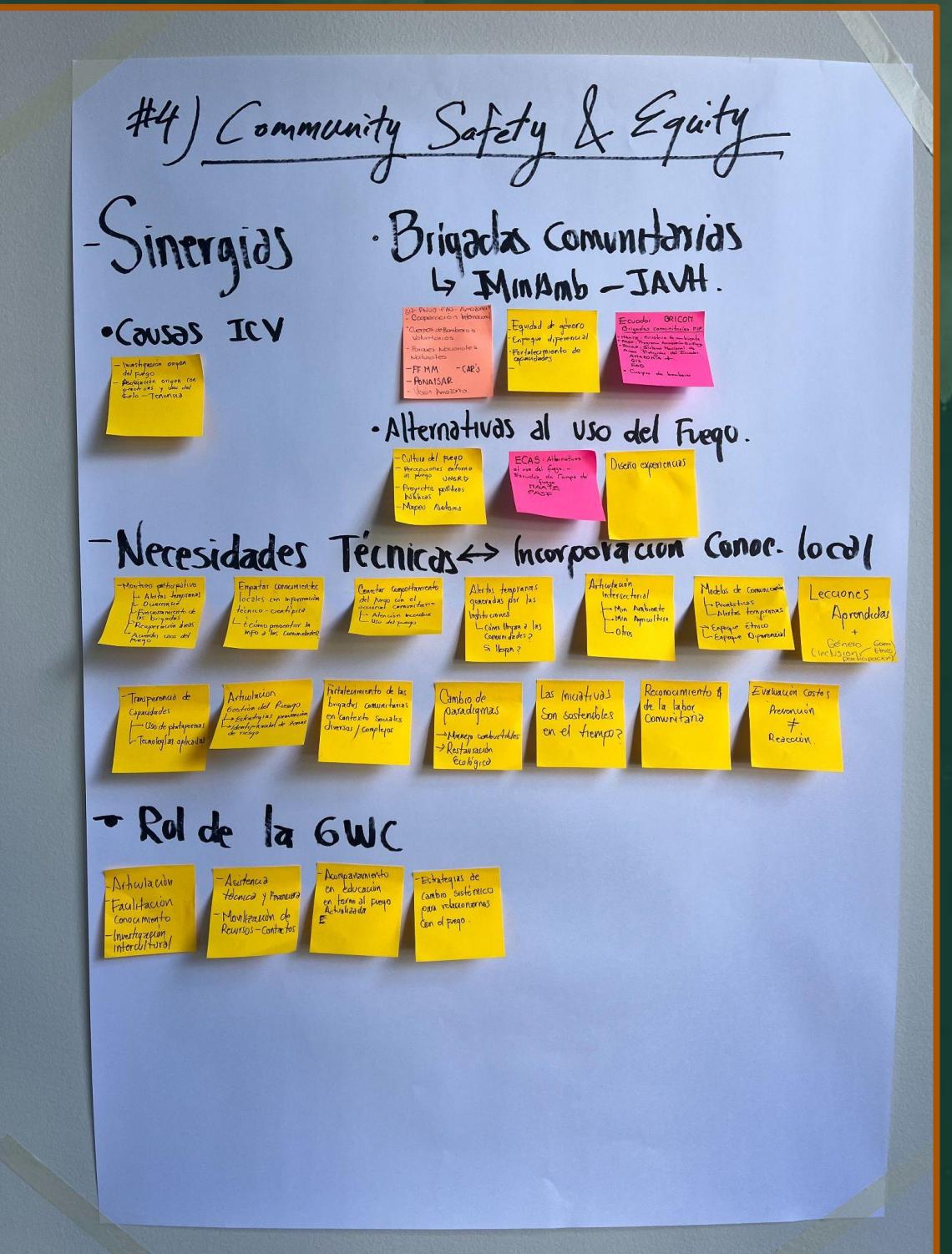
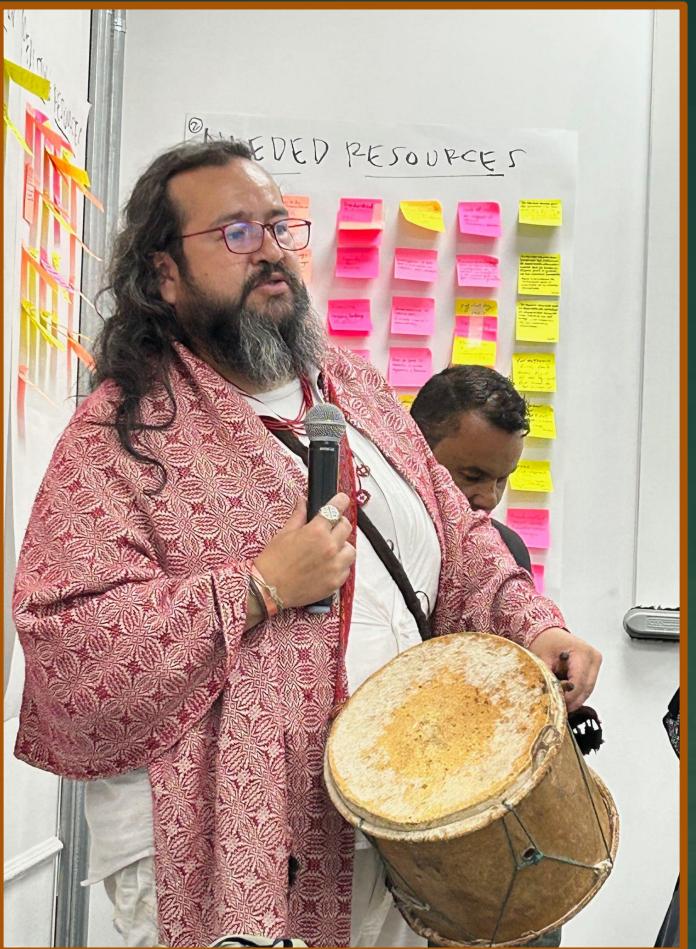


UN Biodiversity Summit (COP16) (Oct 2024, Cali)





Expert Group Meeting (May 2025, Bogota)





FAO Fire Hub + Global Forests Observation Initiative Plenary (ongoing)



CBI is a member of the Core Group of the Fire Hub **Working Group on Fire Data**

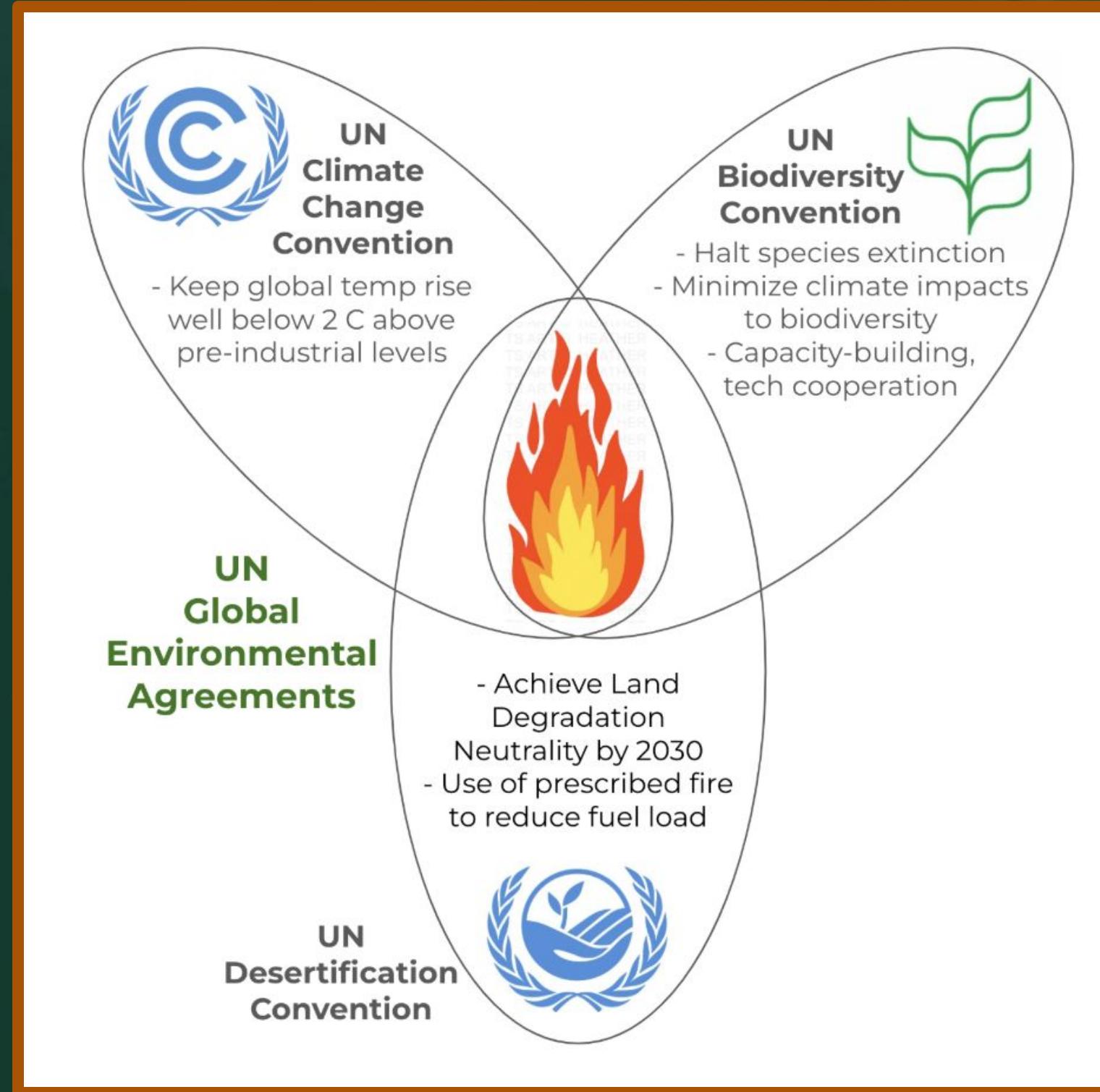


CBI is a contributor to the Fire Hub **Working Group on International Interoperability**





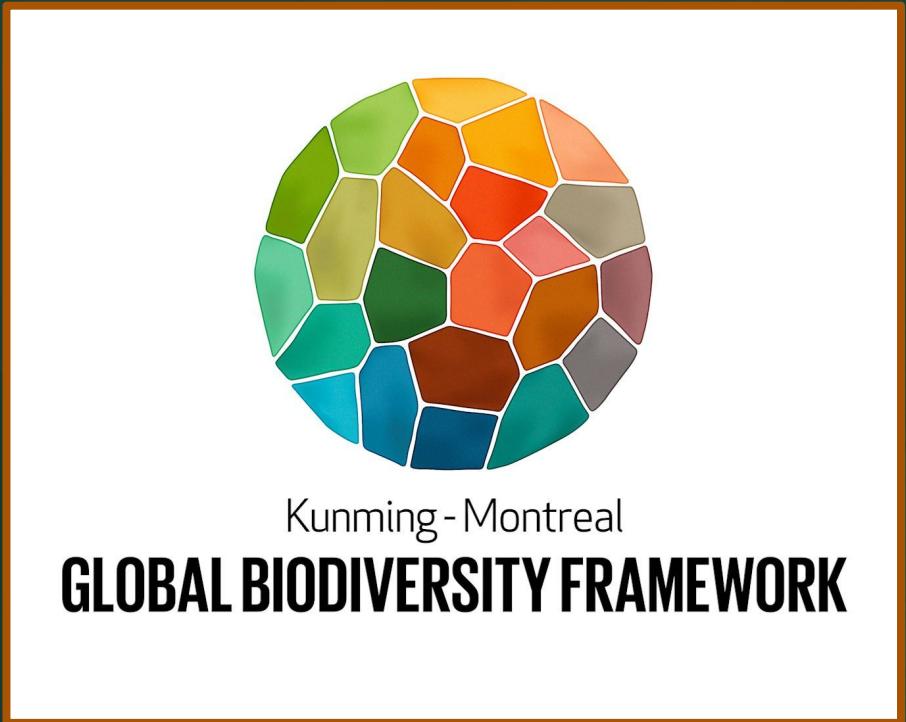
UN Conventions on Climate / Biodiversity / Land





UN Biodiversity/Climate/Land Engagement

(2025)





Proposed Joint Work Programme on Wildfire Resilience across UN Rio Conventions



Annex 1: Proposed Joint Work Programme on Wildfire Resilience and Recovery (Draft)

Note: This proposal is based on existing UN Rio Convention work programmes & expert groups, e.g.

- CBD: Ad Hoc Technical Expert Group on Indicators
- UNCCD: Intergovernmental Working Group on Drought (2022-2024)
- UNFCCC: NWP Thematic Expert Group on Biodiversity and Climate Change

This proposal has two parts: (A) a Joint Work Programme containing (B) a Technical Expert Group

(A) Joint Work Programme on Wildfire Resilience and Recovery

Functions:

- Build national capacity and accelerate action on wildfire resilience and recovery
- Incorporate wildfire resilience in negotiations/strategic frameworks of each Rio Convention
- Provide means of implementation to scale up impact (input from Technical Expert Group)

Composition:

- Secretariats: Implementation-focused divisions, e.g.
 - CBD: Implementation Support Division
 - UNCCD: Global Policy, Advocacy and Regional Cooperation
 - UNFCCC: Means of Implementation Programme
- Parties:
 - National focal points with political focus (e.g. Ministries of Foreign Affairs)
- Non-Party Stakeholders:
 - Sub-national policymakers
 - Local and Indigenous community representatives
 - Industry groups (e.g. agriculture, energy, insurance)

Activities:

- Convene general assembly (1 per year, rotating among conventions)
- Convene regional capacity building sessions (input from Tech Expert Group) (1-2 per year)
- Report to outputs/outcomes to COP Presidencies (1 per 1-2 years)

(B) Technical Expert Group on Wildfire Resilience and Recovery (sub-group of JWP)

Functions:

- Increase science-based understanding of wildfire drivers, impacts, and solutions.
- Highlight need for context-sensitive solutions across geographies and ecosystems.
- Inform frameworks, policy dialogue, and negotiations within each Rio Convention.

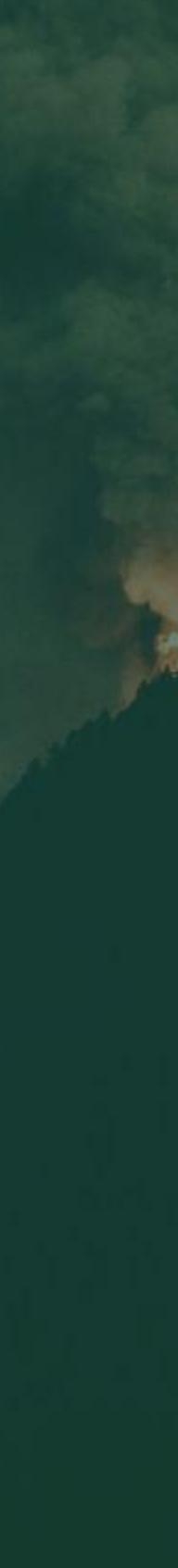
Composition:

- Secretariats: Science/technology-focused divisions, e.g.
 - CBD: Science, Society and Sustainable Futures Division
 - UNCCD: Science and Policy Interface members
 - UNFCCC: Mitigation/Adaptation Programmes
- Parties:
 - National focal points with technical focus (e.g. Ministries of Environment)
- Non-Party Stakeholders:
 - Wildfire research scientists/ecologists
 - Fire and conservation managers and practitioners
 - Local/Indigenous community representatives

Activities:

- Convene technical information exchange (1 per year, SBSTTA or other technical meetings)
- Convene national capacity building sessions (2-3 per year, at request of Parties)
- Facilitate remote collaboration (e.g. via [Global Wildfire Collective](#) Knowledge Exchange Hub)

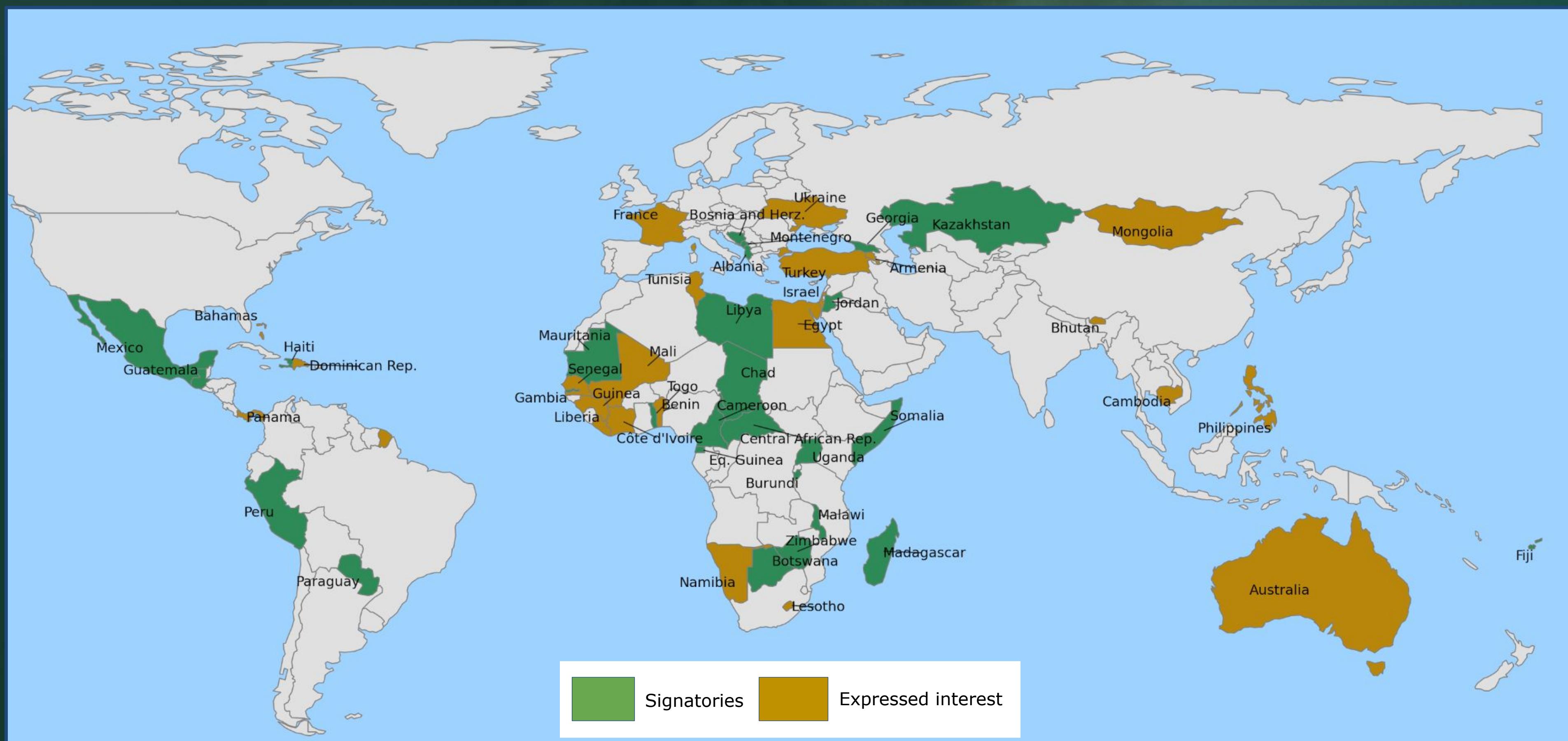
The Conservation Biology Institute urges discussion/refinement of this proposal at the 27th meeting of the CBD Subsidiary Body on Scientific, Technical and Technological Advice (20-24 October 2025).



 Albania	 Libya
 Bosnia & Herzegovina	 Madagascar
 Botswana	 Malawi
 Burundi	 Mauritania
 Cameroon	 Montenegro
 Central African Republic	 México
 Chad	 Paraguay
 Equatorial Guinea	 Peru
 Fiji	 Saint Lucia
 The Gambia	 Samoa
 Georgia	 Somalia
 Guatemala	 Sénégal
 Haiti	 Togo
 Jordan	 Uganda
 Kazakhstan	 Zimbabwe

**36 signatories from 30 parties to
UN Conventions on Biodiversity,
Climate and Land (as of Nov 2025)**

Proposed Joint Work Programme on Wildfire Resilience - Party Responses





National & Regional Roadmaps for Integrated Fire Management

Component 1: Assess existing conditions of wildfire vulnerability & resilience

(Estimated timeline: 2-3 months / Estimated budget: USD 40-60K)

- Compile inputs for assessments, e.g.
 - Literature review
 - Data discovery and gap analysis
 - Spatial data synthesis
- Conduct rapid analysis of wildfire vulnerability and resilience, e.g.
 - Map strengths/vulnerabilities across biomes
 - Map observed impacts to biodiversity loss, land degradation, climate change
- Engage remotely (surveys, interviews) contributors from core stakeholder groups, e.g.
 - National/subnational policymakers
 - Indigenous peoples/local communities
 - Research scientists (*including GWC Charter Members*)
 - Firefighting agencies
 - Industry partners
 - Civil society orgs
- Convene expert group meeting (EGM) and listening sessions (in-person/remote)
(See further details in draft [LAC EGM summary](#))
 - Deliver two-day workshop with these objectives
 - Determine current wildfire science data needs and gaps in the LAC region
 - Share/assess existing efforts/initiatives to address data needs and gaps
 - Engage with local communities/area ecosystems to understand impacts
 - Incorporate these elements in workshop
 - Expert roundtable to discuss existing resources, gaps and roadblocks toward addressing the increasing risks of devastating wildfires
 - Field visit to deepen understanding through onsite observation/exchange

Component 2: Develop national wildfire resilience action plan (NWRAP)

(Estimated timeline: 4-6 months / Estimated budget: USD 60-80K)

Develop draft NWRAP based on principles of IFM from FAO/others (see [Annex 1](#) for background):

- Scientific analysis, e.g.
 - Assess decision support tools for dynamic and actionable responses,
 - Recommending use of existing tools, and assess needs for customised tools (see [CBI Project Example 1](#))
- Operational analysis, e.g.
 - Assess operational readiness across biomes
 - Demonstrate operational application/implementation of decision support tools
- Policy analysis, e.g.
 - Assess political/social contexts; propose opportunities for enabling legislation
 - Demonstrate political application/implementation of decision support tools
 - Propose mechanisms for monitoring, reporting, verification (MRV)
- Community engagement planning, e.g.
 - Engage community members in strategies first responders to wildfire
 - Provide outreach/alerts to community members on wildfire preparedness

Currently in discussions with:



Armenia



Bahamas



Haiti



Madagascar



Panamá



Togo

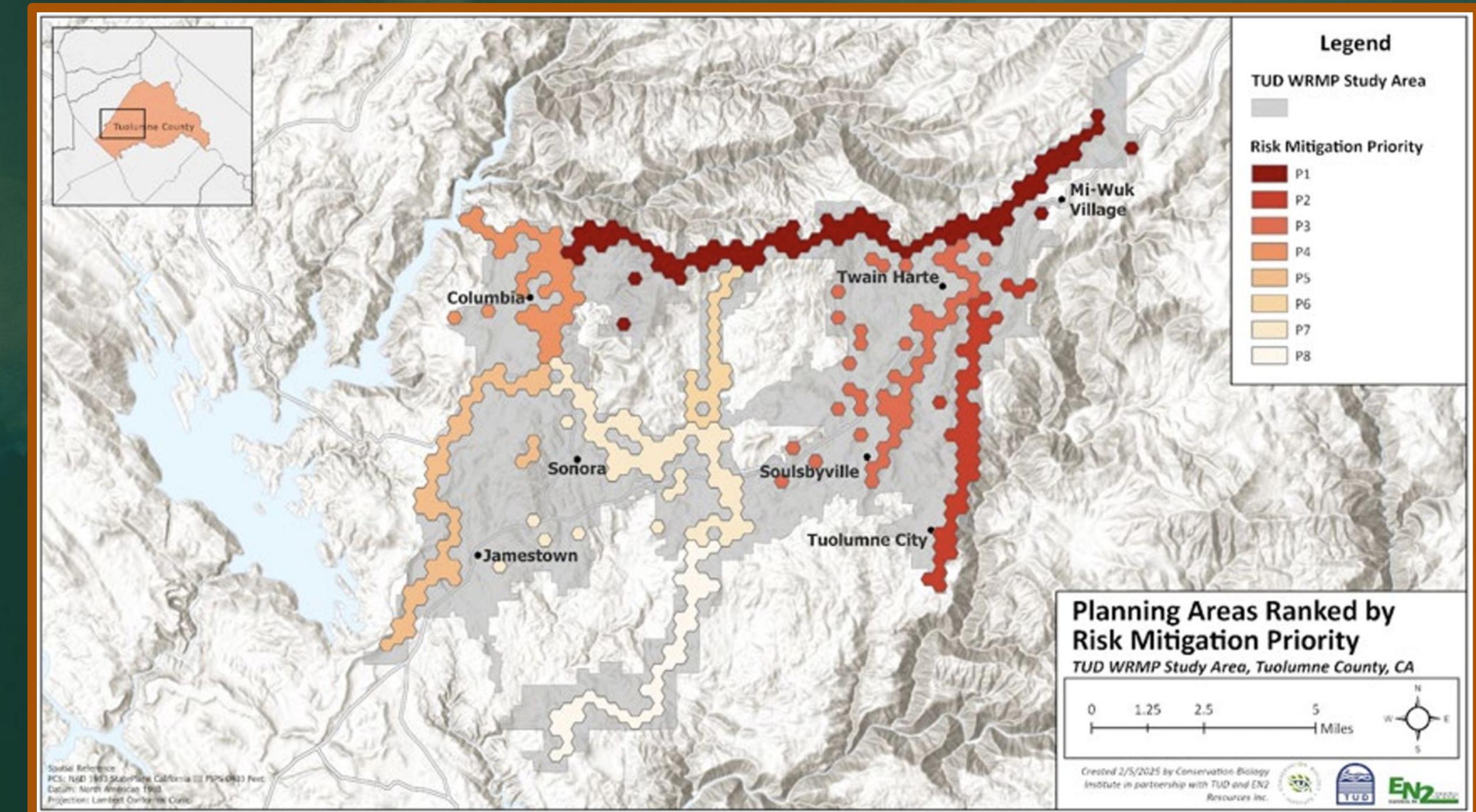


CBI Example 1: Tuolumne Utilities District Wildfire Defense Plan (California)



CBI and EN2 Resources Inc. partnered to develop a comprehensive strategy to protect Tuolumne County's water resources and increase the community's resilience to wildfire.

The plan follows state and federal directives on wildfire resilience, including the California Wildfire & Forest Resilience Action Plan and the US Forest Service's Wildfire Crisis Strategy Implementation Plan.



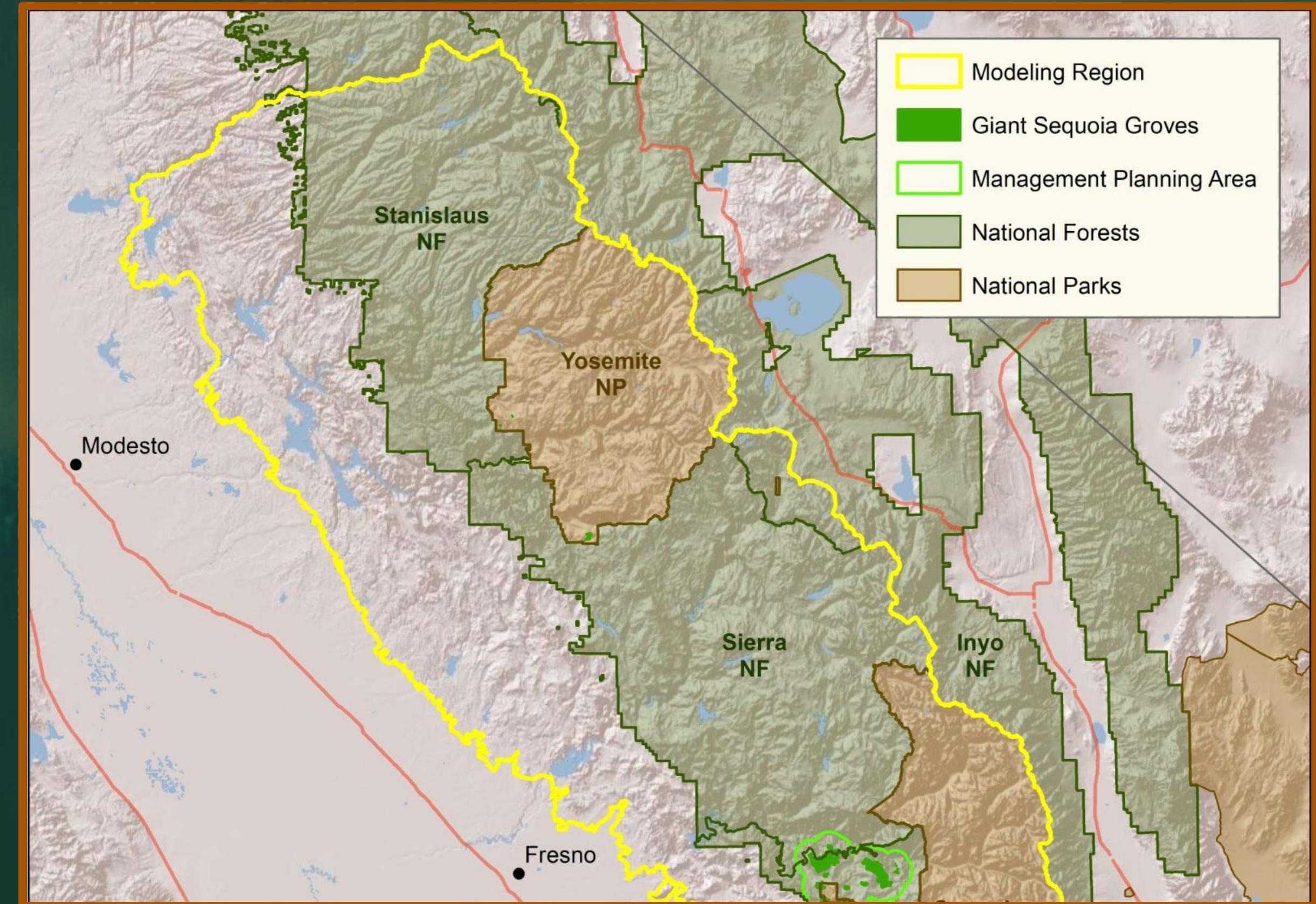


CBI Example 2: Sierra Nevada Forest Resilience Decision-Support System (California)



CBI developed and applied a decision-support system for forest resilience planning that models how vegetation, terrain, climate, and weather interact to influence fire risk.

The tool will allow managers to simulate fuel-reduction treatments, evaluate their effects on a range of risks and resources, project the impacts into the future, and assess levels of uncertainty.





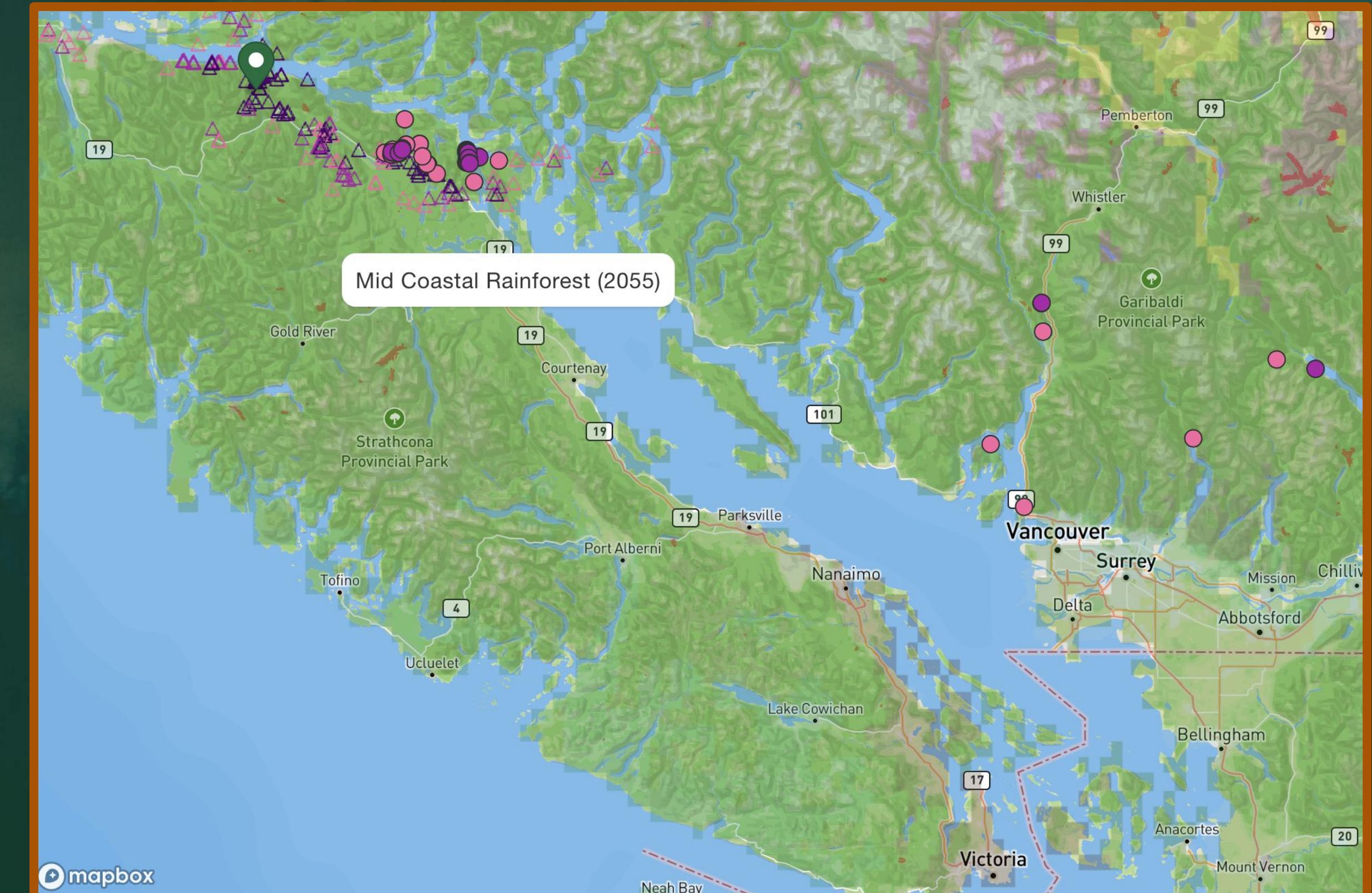
CBI Example 3:

Climate Smart Restoration Tool



CBI developed the CSRT to provide information on seed collection and transfer of native plants. The CSRT maps current and future seed transfer limits for plant species using climate data.

The CSRT assesses potential plant species for ecosystem restoration using data (and genetic information where available) to infer vegetation transitions over time.

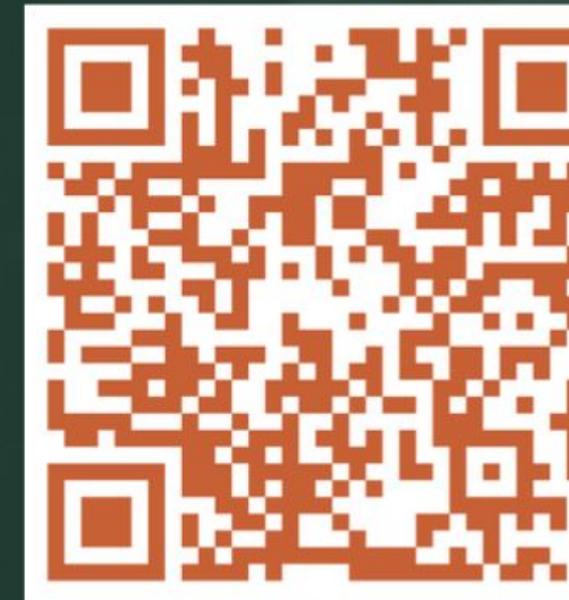




Summary and Resource Links

Learn about our work

The GWC promotes science-based resilience strategies that prioritise biodiversity and ecosystem health



Explore our spatial data gateway

The GWC provides a collaborative space for sharing fire science maps and datasets among firefighters, policymakers and local communities



Join our wildfire discussion forum

The GWC facilitates knowledge-sharing and collaboration across disciplines, ecosystems and global regions





www.globalwildfirecollective.org

www.consbio.org